

# Empirical Appendix to “How Do Regulators Influence Mortgage Risk? Evidence from an Emerging Market”

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**Table A1: Regulatory Impact on 90 Day Delinquency - Variations on Table 5 Specification [B]**

In specification [B1], we interact the slope affected by regulation with a measure of competition (bank share of home mortgage credit, scaled to a mean of zero and variance one) as a robustness check for the impact of time-variation in the impact of PSL regulation. Under specification [B2] the impact of strategically allocated "black money" is assumed to affect only loans between 70 and 100% of the PSL threshold, which means that the affect of regulation should be concentrated in this 70 to 100% range. Therefore, our measures of regulatory impact are only interacted with the slope in this intermediate segment. Coefficients that are statistically significant at a 5% or 10% two-sided level are in bold and italicized type respectively. All coefficients and standard errors are multiplied by 100 for readability. R-squared is calculated as the average of the variance of fitted values to variance of dependent variable in each cross-section.

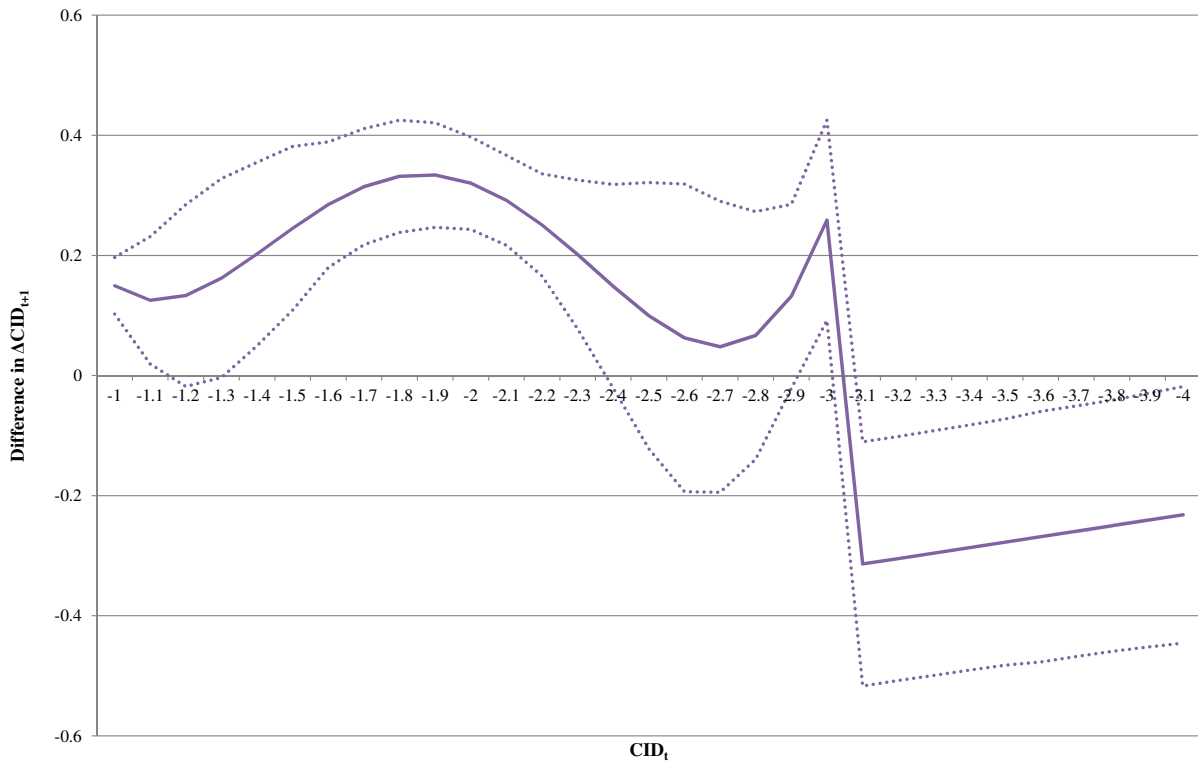
	[B]		[B1]		[B2]	
	Coef.	S.E.	Coef.	S.E.	Coef.	S.E.
<b>Loan Size Based (PSL) Regulation:</b>						
Slope Above PSL Threshold	0.074	0.086	0.069	0.085	0.064	0.085
Slope Below PSL Threshold	<b>-0.853</b>	0.080	<b>-0.837</b>	0.080		
Unqualified Lending Share X Slope Below PSL Threshold	<b>-0.136</b>	0.047	-0.104	0.078		
Sub-Branch Unqualified Lending Share	<b>-0.322</b>	0.027	<b>-0.312</b>	0.026	<b>-0.410</b>	0.028
Cohort De-meaned Sub-Branch Unqualified Lending Share X Slope Below PSL Threshold	<b>-0.063</b>	0.022	<b>-0.063</b>	0.021		
Competition X Slope Below PSL Threshold			-0.041	0.050		
Cohort De-meaned Sub-Branch Unqualified Lending Share X Unqualified Lending Share X Slope Below PSL Threshold	<b>-0.060</b>	0.018	<b>-0.060</b>	0.016		
Slope Below 70% of PSL Threshold					<b>-0.769</b>	0.105
Intermediate Slope (Between 70 and 100% of PSL Threshold)					<b>-0.721</b>	0.157
Unqualified Lending Share X Intermediate Slope					-0.393	0.229
Cohort De-meaned Sub-Branch Unqualified Lending Share X Intermediate Slope					<b>-0.446</b>	0.094
Cohort De-meaned Sub-Branch Unqualified Lending Share X Unqualified Lending Share X Intermediate Slope					<b>-0.210</b>	0.064
<b>Loan Leverage Based Regulation:</b>						
Loan-Cost Ratio, Slope Below 65%	<b>2.929</b>	0.247	<b>2.848</b>	0.227	<b>2.905</b>	0.245
Loan-Cost Ratio, Slope Between 65 and 85%	<b>3.545</b>	0.361	<b>3.367</b>	0.995	<b>3.553</b>	0.366
Difference in Cohort Risk Weights on Loans Above vs Below 75% LTV X Slope Between Loan-Cost Ratio of 65 and 85%	-1.415	1.607	-0.946	3.367	-1.606	1.602
Competition X Slope Between Loan-Cost Ratio of 65 and 85%			-0.059	0.684		
Loan-Cost Ratio, Slope Above 85%	<b>-1.986</b>	0.680	<b>-2.011</b>	0.659	<b>-1.952</b>	0.667
Borrower Characteristics		Yes		Yes		Yes
Loan Characteristics		Yes		Yes		Yes
Cohort Fixed Effects		Yes		Yes		Yes
Annual Macroeconomic Effects (Separate for Fixed, Variable Rate Mortgages)		Yes		Yes		Yes
21 Branch Dummies		Yes		Yes		Yes
R-squared		0.0157		0.0157		0.0157

**Table A2: Cumulative Installment Deficit Around Delinquencies**

The top panel of this table corresponds to the series plotted in Figure 8, abnormal CID around 30 day delinquencies before and after the NPA definition change. The bottom panel replicates a variation of this analysis based on cumulative installment deficits around 90 day (instead of 30 day) delinquencies. Standard errors are given in italics and are computed by bootstrapping calendar years before and after January 1, 2004. Coefficients that are statistically significant at a 5% or 10% two-sided level are in bold and italicized type respectively.

Month Relative to Default	Through March 2004 Value	SE	From April 2004 Value	SE	Cumulative Difference Around t Value	SE
Panel A: 30 Day Delinquencies						
t-12	<i>0.02</i>	<i>0.01</i>	<b>0.04</b>	<i>0.02</i>	-0.06	<i>0.14</i>
t-11	0.03	<i>0.02</i>	<b>0.06</b>	<i>0.02</i>	-0.04	<i>0.15</i>
t-10	0.03	<i>0.02</i>	0.04	<i>0.02</i>	-0.06	<i>0.13</i>
t-9	0.03	<i>0.03</i>	<b>0.06</b>	<i>0.02</i>	-0.05	<i>0.13</i>
t-8	0.02	<i>0.03</i>	0.05	<i>0.04</i>	-0.05	<i>0.09</i>
t-7	0.01	<i>0.04</i>	0.06	<i>0.05</i>	-0.02	<i>0.08</i>
t-6	0.00	<i>0.05</i>	0.07	<i>0.05</i>	-0.01	<i>0.06</i>
t-5	-0.03	<i>0.05</i>	0.07	<i>0.06</i>	0.02	<i>0.06</i>
t-4	-0.08	<i>0.05</i>	0.03	<i>0.06</i>	0.03	<i>0.06</i>
t-3	<b>-0.13</b>	<i>0.06</i>	0.02	<i>0.06</i>	0.08	<i>0.05</i>
t-2	<b>-0.19</b>	<i>0.05</i>	-0.02	<i>0.07</i>	0.09	<i>0.05</i>
t-1	<b>-0.48</b>	<i>0.05</i>	<b>-0.35</b>	<i>0.07</i>	0.05	<i>0.04</i>
t	<b>-1.13</b>	<i>0.08</i>	<b>-1.05</b>	<i>0.07</i>		
t+1	<b>-1.27</b>	<i>0.10</i>	<b>-0.85</b>	<i>0.09</i>	<b>0.34</b>	<i>0.15</i>
t+2	<b>-1.18</b>	<i>0.10</i>	<b>-0.63</b>	<i>0.12</i>	<b>0.47</b>	<i>0.16</i>
t+3	<b>-1.14</b>	<i>0.10</i>	<b>-0.47</b>	<i>0.15</i>	<b>0.59</b>	<i>0.22</i>
t+4	<b>-1.09</b>	<i>0.10</i>	<b>-0.39</b>	<i>0.15</i>	<b>0.63</b>	<i>0.19</i>
t+5	<b>-1.06</b>	<i>0.10</i>	<b>-0.36</b>	<i>0.18</i>	<b>0.63</b>	<i>0.23</i>
t+6	<b>-1.04</b>	<i>0.12</i>	-0.32	<i>0.18</i>	<b>0.65</b>	<i>0.25</i>
t+7	<b>-1.05</b>	<i>0.11</i>	-0.29	<i>0.17</i>	<b>0.68</b>	<i>0.23</i>
t+8	<b>-1.06</b>	<i>0.12</i>	-0.30	<i>0.18</i>	<b>0.68</b>	<i>0.24</i>
t+9	<b>-1.04</b>	<i>0.12</i>	-0.32	<i>0.18</i>	<b>0.65</b>	<i>0.25</i>
t+10	<b>-1.05</b>	<i>0.12</i>	-0.31	<i>0.16</i>	<b>0.66</b>	<i>0.23</i>
t+11	<b>-1.13</b>	<i>0.12</i>	-0.29	<i>0.17</i>	<b>0.76</b>	<i>0.23</i>
t+12	<b>-1.12</b>	<i>0.13</i>	-0.28	<i>0.18</i>	<b>0.76</b>	<i>0.25</i>
Panel B: 90 Day Delinquencies						
t-12	0.00	<i>0.01</i>	0.00	<i>0.03</i>	<b>-0.59</b>	<i>0.21</i>
t-11	-0.01	<i>0.03</i>	0.03	<i>0.04</i>	<b>-0.55</b>	<i>0.18</i>
t-10	-0.02	<i>0.03</i>	0.04	<i>0.05</i>	<b>-0.53</b>	<i>0.17</i>
t-9	-0.04	<i>0.04</i>	0.03	<i>0.06</i>	<b>-0.53</b>	<i>0.15</i>
t-8	-0.06	<i>0.05</i>	0.05	<i>0.07</i>	<b>-0.48</b>	<i>0.11</i>
t-7	-0.11	<i>0.06</i>	0.03	<i>0.07</i>	<b>-0.45</b>	<i>0.10</i>
t-6	<b>-0.20</b>	<i>0.06</i>	0.00	<i>0.07</i>	<b>-0.40</b>	<i>0.07</i>
t-5	<b>-0.32</b>	<i>0.07</i>	0.00	<i>0.09</i>	<b>-0.27</b>	<i>0.09</i>
t-4	<b>-0.44</b>	<i>0.07</i>	-0.09	<i>0.10</i>	<b>-0.24</b>	<i>0.09</i>
t-3	<b>-0.65</b>	<i>0.08</i>	-0.18	<i>0.10</i>	-0.13	<i>0.11</i>
t-2	<b>-1.14</b>	<i>0.09</i>	<b>-0.61</b>	<i>0.10</i>	-0.07	<i>0.07</i>
t-1	<b>-1.80</b>	<i>0.10</i>	<b>-1.22</b>	<i>0.10</i>	-0.01	<i>0.03</i>
t	<b>-2.61</b>	<i>0.10</i>	<b>-2.01</b>	<i>0.10</i>		
t+1	<b>-2.55</b>	<i>0.13</i>	<b>-1.67</b>	<i>0.09</i>	<b>0.28</b>	<i>0.12</i>
t+2	<b>-2.15</b>	<i>0.14</i>	<b>-1.29</b>	<i>0.10</i>	<b>0.26</b>	<i>0.13</i>
t+3	<b>-2.03</b>	<i>0.13</i>	<b>-1.19</b>	<i>0.08</i>	<b>0.24</b>	<i>0.09</i>
t+4	<b>-1.95</b>	<i>0.16</i>	<b>-1.16</b>	<i>0.11</i>	0.20	<i>0.11</i>
t+5	<b>-1.94</b>	<i>0.12</i>	<b>-1.13</b>	<i>0.12</i>	<b>0.21</b>	<i>0.11</i>
t+6	<b>-1.90</b>	<i>0.14</i>	<b>-1.10</b>	<i>0.13</i>	0.20	<i>0.13</i>
t+7	<b>-1.93</b>	<i>0.15</i>	<b>-1.05</b>	<i>0.15</i>	0.29	<i>0.18</i>
t+8	<b>-1.88</b>	<i>0.14</i>	<b>-0.96</b>	<i>0.13</i>	<b>0.33</b>	<i>0.14</i>
t+9	<b>-1.93</b>	<i>0.13</i>	<b>-0.91</b>	<i>0.11</i>	<b>0.43</b>	<i>0.17</i>
t+10	<b>-1.95</b>	<i>0.16</i>	<b>-0.84</b>	<i>0.14</i>	<b>0.51</b>	<i>0.22</i>
t+11	<b>-2.00</b>	<i>0.16</i>	<b>-0.84</b>	<i>0.16</i>	<b>0.56</b>	<i>0.24</i>
t+12	<b>-1.97</b>	<i>0.17</i>	<b>-0.86</b>	<i>0.16</i>	<b>0.52</b>	<i>0.26</i>

**Figure A1: Difference in Predicted  $\Delta CID_{t+1}$  Following First 30 Day Delinquency, with 90% Confidence Interval**  
**Post-NPA Definition Change  $\Delta CID_{t+1}$  minus Pre-NPA Definition Change  $\Delta CID_{t+1}$  (After minus Before April 2004)**



The solid line represents the difference in expected debt collection rates ( $\Delta CID$ ) around delinquencies before and after the April 2004 redefinition of non-performing assets. The expected debt collection rates are produced from regressions of the form described in Figure 9. The dotted lines represent a 90% confidence interval for the difference constructed by bootstrapping the month of the initial 30 day delinquency.